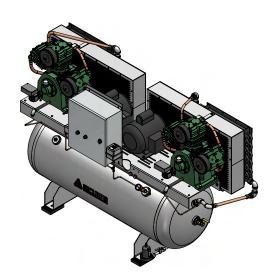


CA/CT Series TWO STAGE RECIPROCATING AIR COMPRESSORS/HOPS-1152 Installation and Operations







Model	Serial #

Please have your unit's model and serial number ready when calling for service. The model # is found on the tank decal and the serial number is located on the compressor nameplate.



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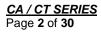


Table of Contents

Read Me First	Section	1
Safety Precautions	3-4	
System Diagram		
Installation	Section	2
Receiving	7	
Freight Damage		
Installation Procedure	9-12	
Post Installation Checklist	13	
Electrical Requirements	14	
Wiring Diagrams	Section	3
Simplex. 1 phase and 3 phase	2515	
Duplex, dual source		
	1150	
Start Up	Section	4
Pre-Start Checklist	17	
Start-Up Procedure	18	
W.c.Co.	0	_
Maintenance	Section	5
Shut Down Procedure	19	
Maintenance Schedule	20	
Oil	21	
Bolt Torques	22	
Belt Tension	23-24	
Maintenance Parts List	25	
Wiring Diagrams Simplex, 1 phase and 3 phase Duplex, dual source Start Up Pre-Start Checklist Start-Up Procedure Maintenance Shut Down Procedure Maintenance Schedule Oil Bolt Torques Belt Tension Maintenance Parts List Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Guide	Section	6
Troubleshooting Guide	26-27	
Maintenance Checklists	20	

READ ME FIRST

Safety Precautions

The owner, lessor or operator of any compressor unit manufactured by FS Curtis, Inc. is hereby warned that failure to observe all safety precautions may result in serious injury of personnel and/or damage to property.

FS Curtis, Inc. neither states as fact, nor in any way implies that this list of safety precautions is an all-inclusive list, the observance of which will prevent all damage to property or injury to personnel.

Every reasonable effort has been taken to ensure that complete and correct instructions have been included in this manual. However, possible updates and changes may have occurred since this printing. FS Curtis, Inc. reserves the right to change specifications, without incurring any obligation for equipment previously or subsequently sold.

Compressors and/or units are assembled to comply with the customer's purchase order and in compliance with FS Curtis, Inc. specifications; alteration must not be made to the compressor or unit without FS Curtis' written approval.

DANGER!
Air used for breathing or food processing must meet O.S.H.A 29 C.F.R. 1910.134 or F.D.A. 21 C.F.R. 178.350 regulations. Failure to do so will cause severe injury or death.

Compressors are precision high-speed mechanical equipment requiring caution in operation to minimize hazard to property and personnel. Listed below are some safety precautions that must be observed.

- Use of FS Curtis Compressors to transfer toxic, radioactive, flammable, or explosive substances is prohibited.
- Do not install the compressor in an area where there is a risk of exposure to explosive gases or combustible dusts, such as flours, starches, coke, coal dust, etc. or in close proximity to corrosive substances.
- Release all air pressure from the system before working on the unit and red tag all electrical control switches.
- Do not operate compressor on a shipping skid or any other unapproved mounting surfaces.
- Do not by-pass motor over-current protection.
- Do not change the setting or in any way affect the operation of the safety valves.

- Turn off and lockout/tagout the main power disconnect switch before attempting to work or perform any maintenance.
- Do not attempt to service any part of this unit while it is running.
- Ensure that service personnel are properly grounded before attempting to service any part of the electrical system.
- Do not operate the unit with any of its safety guards, shields or screens removed.
- Do not remove or paint over any DANGER!, WARNING!, CAUTION!, or instructional materials attached to the compressor. Lack of information regarding hazardous conditions can cause property damage or personal injury.
- Do not change the pressure setting of the pressure relief valve, restrict the function of the pressure relief valve, or replace the pressure relief valve with a plug.
- Do not install a shutoff valve in the compressor discharge line without first installing a
 pressure relief valve of proper size and design between the shutoff valve and the
 compressor.
- Do not use plastic pipe, unapproved rubber hose, or lead-tin soldered joints in any part of the compressed air system.
- Alterations must not be made to this compressor without FS Curtis' expressed, written approval.
- Do not operate the compressor in excess of the A.S.M.E. pressure vessel rating for the receiver or the service rating of the compressor, whichever is lower.
- Surface temperatures can exceed 400 °F, power off the unit and allow it to cool before touching any surface of the compressor.
- Provisions should be made to have the instruction manual readily available to the operator and maintenance personnel. If for any reason any part of the manual becomes illegible or the manual is lost, contact your local distributor.
- Your State and/or local OSHA regulations may require a Pressure Vessel Permit to operate this equipment. Obtaining a permit is the sole responsibility of the owner, lessor or operator of the equipment. Contact your State/Local OSHA for more information.

System Diagram

Simplex Units

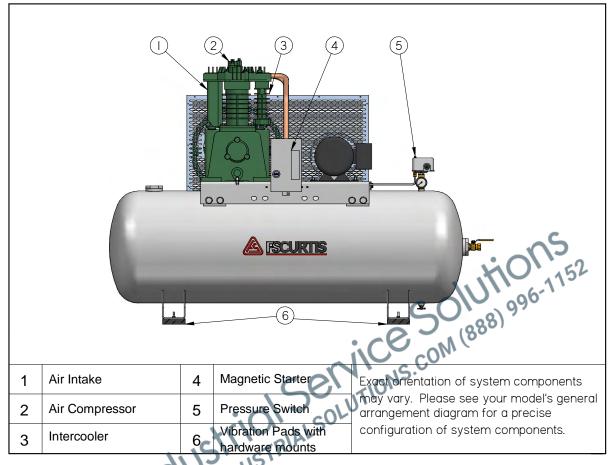
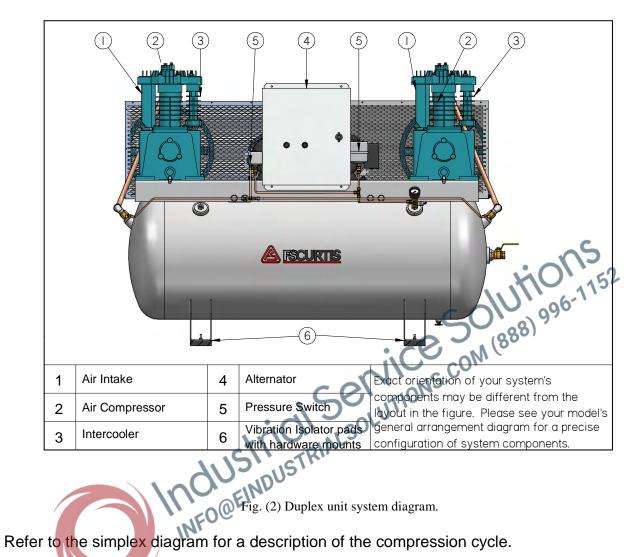


Fig. (1) Simplex, two stage air compressor process.

FS Curtis manufactures a broad array of compressor configurations to satisfy the needs of our diverse customer base. Despite this diversity, all FS Curtis two stage compressor configurations work off the same basic cycle. Air is drawn into the compressor through the air intake and filter assembly. The air enters the first stage, a low pressure chamber where it is compressed the first time. As air is compressed, its temperature increases, this hot air then enters the intercooler where the temperature is reduced.

Next, the cooled air enters the second stage, a high pressure chamber where the air is compressed a second time to even higher pressures and discharged into the tank. An Ultra Pack option can be purchased with an installed air-cooled after-cooler which, after the second compression stage, cools the air to a 20°F approach temperature before being stored in the tank.

When the compressor has filled the tank to its pressure rating, the pressure switch disengages which turns off the motor, preventing the tank from over pressurizing. Finally, the tank has a ball valve which is opened or closed by the operator and lets air out of the tank, the ball valve is depicted in Fig (1) in the "open" position.



Duplex Units

Duplex units operate in much the same way as simplex units, only there are two compressors. The key difference is in the pressure switch and starter. In a duplex unit, there are two pressure switches, a "lead" pressure switch and a "lag" pressure switch set 10 psi lower than the lead switch. The alternator utilizes both compressors to fill the tank. Once the tank approaches the cutoff "lag" pressure, the alternator selects one compressor to be the "lag" compressor and cycles it off, using only the "lead" compressor to provide the remaining pressure. The alternator then cycles between both compressors, switching the "lead" and "lag" compressor and ensuring roughly equal wear between them. If air usage exceeds the output of a single compressor, the alternator utilizes both the "lead" and the "lag compressor to fulfill operating conditions, once again cycling off the "lag" compressor when its cutoff pressure is reached.

INSTALLATION

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Abide by all applicable state, local and regulations when mounting and installing the compressor. Failure to do so may result in injury or death and will void the manufacturer's warranty. Contact your local government for more information.

CAUTION!

Improper lifting can result in component or system damage or personal injury. Follow good shop practices and safety procedures when moving the unit.

Receiving

Immediately upon receipt of compressor equipment and prior to completely uncrating, the following steps should be taken:

- 1. Inspect compressor equipment for damage that may have occurred during shipment. If any damage is found, demand an inspection from the carrier. Ask the carrier how to file a claim for shipping damages. (Refer to **FREIGHT DAMAGE** for complete details.) Shipping damage is not covered by FS Curtis's compressor warranty.
- 2. Ensure that adequate lifting equipment is available for moving the compressor equipment and clear a path to the installation location to avoid damage to property or compressor.
- 3. Turn off & lock out the electrical disconnect switch before working on the unit to prevent the unit from starting unexpectedly.
- 4. Read the compressor nameplate to verify the model and size ordered.
- 5. Read the motor nameplate to be sure the motor is compatible with your electrical conditions (volts, phase, and hertz).
- 6. Read the pressure relief valve nameplate to be sure it does not exceed the working pressure of the compressor or any other component in the system.
- 7. Read and understand the safety precautions contained within this manual. The successful and efficient operation of compressor equipment depends largely upon the amount of care taken to install and maintain the equipment. FS Curtis strongly recommends that any or all person(s) in charge of installing, maintaining, or servicing one of our compressors read and understand the entire contents of this manual and the respective compressor installation and operating instruction manual in order to perform such duties safely and efficiently.
- 8. Remove all packing plastic, foam and shipping related materials.

FREIGHT DAMAGE

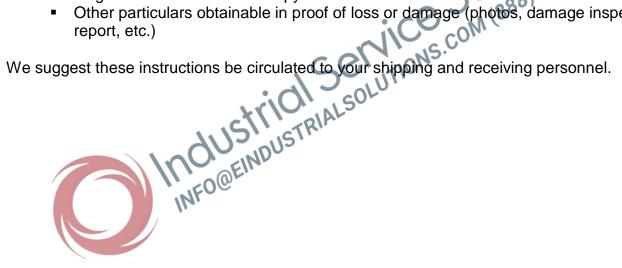
The transportation industry has adopted a modification with regard to the handling of obvious and concealed damage claims. Therefore, it is extremely important that you examine every carton and crate as soon as you receive it. If there is any obvious damage to the shipping container, have the delivering carrier sign the freights bill, noting the apparent damage, and request a damage report.

If concealed damage is discovered at a later date, the carrier must be notified within 15 days of initial receipt of freight. Contact the carrier as soon as possible, giving them an opportunity to inspect the shipment at the premises where the original delivery was made. Retain all containers and packing for inspection by the carrier. Do not move the freight.

Concealed shipping damage is not covered by the FS-Curtis warranty.

A claim form can be requested from the carrier. Your claim will need to be substantiated with the following documents.

- Original bill of lading
 Original paid freight bill
 Original invoice or certified copy
 Other particulars obtainable in proof of loss or damage (photos, damage inspection report, etc.)



Installation Procedure

Step 1 – Select a proper location for installation

Select a clean, dry, well lit area with a rigid floor strong enough to support the compressor and with adequate ventilation. Avoid placement of the compressor in an area that is excessively hot, dusty, humid or contaminated with foreign gases such as ammonia or acid fumes.

The unit should never be operated at ambient temperatures above 104°F or below 32°F. If the ambient temperature is below 40°F, FS Curtis recommends using Arctic oil. Maintenance checks are required daily, thus three (3) feet of space needs to be provided around the compressor for proper inspection.

Note – If the unit or air intake is to be located outdoors, please contact your local distributor for additional instructions.

Step 2 – Remove the skid

Remove and discard the shipping skid. The compressor should NEVER be operated on a

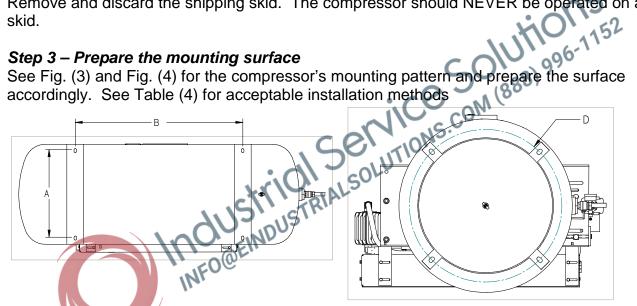


Fig. (3) Horizontal bolt hole pattern Fig. (4) Vertical bolt hole pattern

Horizontal	Α	В	Base Hole	Recommended	Vertical Tank	D	Hole	Recommended
Tank	(in)	(in)	Size (in)	Bolt Diameter	(gallons)	(in)	Size (in)	Bolt Diameter
(gallons)				(in)				(in)
30	17.75	23	9/16	1/2"	60	17	9/16	1/2"
80	17.75	40	9/16	1/2"	80 (CT line)	17	9/16	1/2"
120	22	40	9/16	1/2"	80 (CA Line)	22.5	11/16	5/8"
200	28	40	7/8	3/4"	120	26.375	11/16	5/8"
240	40	54	3/4	5/8"				

Table (1) Bolt hole mounting patterns for various tank sizes.

Acceptable Mounting	Unacceptable Mounting
 Concrete Anchor Bolts Threaded Rod or Floor Stud Steel flooring or supports (provided unit is bolted down and isolator pads are used) 	 Skid Mounted Unanchored Bare Floor (no vibration pads)

Table (2) Compressor mounting methods

If you wish to utilize an installation method other than the approved methods described in Table (2), please contact your local distributor. FS Curtis neither states as fact, nor implies that the above list of Acceptable/Unacceptable mounting is all-inclusive. Contact your local distributor for more information.

Step 4 – Install Vibration Isolator pads and mount the compressor

Exposure to excessive vibrations can significantly shorten the life of the compressor. FS Curtis highly recommends mounting the unit on vibration isolator pads and the compressor should NEVER be operated without being securely fastened to the ground.

Using a level, please check for proper alignment of the compressor. Uneven installation will unbalance the compressor leading to excessive noise, vibrations, and wear. Place a steel shim between the concrete and vibration pads and shim down as necessary for leveling. Level the compressor so it can be bolted down securely. Before tightening the bolts, check to see that all four feet are resting on the foundation. See fig (5) for mounting instructions for a floor stud, and see fig (6) for mounting instructions for an anchor bolt.

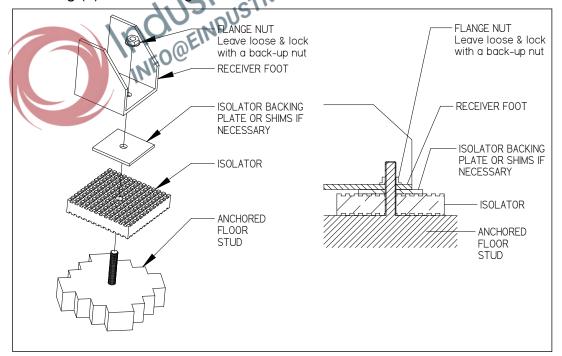


Fig. (5) Anchored Floor Stud installation

Recommended Installation – Use concrete anchor bolt

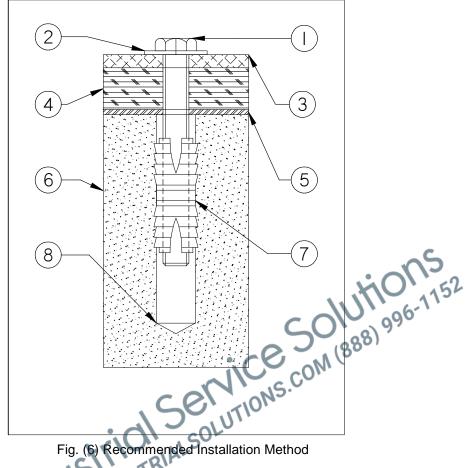


Fig. (6) Recommended Installation Method

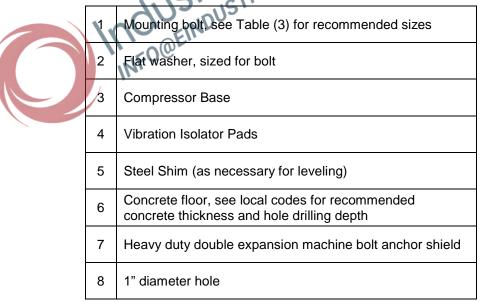


Table (3) Anchor Bolt specifications

Step 5 – Tighten the fasteners

Incrementally tighten the mounting bolts evenly in a cross pattern. If necessary, after start up, continue incrementally tightening the mounting bolts in a crossing pattern until vibrations have been reduced to an acceptable level. After vibrations have been minimized, loosen ONE mounting bolt. The unit expands and contracts with changes in temperature, leaving ONE bolt loosened will allow for thermal expansion of the unit, reducing thermal stresses and vibrations on the tank. If after loosening one bolt the vibrations get worse, retighten bolt and select a different unit. Excessive vibrations can damage equipment.

Step 6 – Install piping network

Run a clean pipe to the tank discharge opening, bushing up or down as necessary with clean bushings and fittings. Note that the more bushings and fittings placed in the air distribution system, the greater the opportunity for air leaks and breaks. FS Curtis recommends the installation of drip legs in the distribution line.

Always install a safety relief valve in the distribution line between the compressor unit and inline shutoff valves. If more than one compressor pumps into a common system, a check valve in the distribution line of each compressor unit is recommended to prevent moisture from entering the cylinder head(s) when one compressor is idle. A globe or gate valve (WOG rated) installed in the discharge line will allow compressor isolation from plant air system for compressor maintenance. (Note: A safety relief valve should be located between the

Step 7 – Install Compressor Intake (IF APPLICABLE) on Step 1 instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the instructions to ensure a second state of the compressor intake is to be located away from the compressor intake in the compressor intake is to be located away from the compressor intake in the compressor intake is to be located away from the compressor intake in the compressor in the compressor intake in the compressor in the c If the compressor intake is to be located away from the unit, please use the following instructions to ensure safe and efficient operation.

Run a clean pipe to the compressor suction opening, bushing up or down as necessary with clean bushings and fittings. Note that the more bushings and fittings placed in the intake line, the greater opportunity for air leaks and breaks. If the run is over 10 feet in length, use a larger pipe diameter to avoid excessive pressure drops. When installing the pipes, please pitch the piping down and slightly away from the intake, to ensure that debris and condensation drains away from the compressor.

MOUNTING MOBILE UNITS

Gas engine driven compressors mounted to truck beds should be fastened to the truck bed in such a way so as not to create any stress to the air receiver tank. Truck beds, characteristically, have a tendency to flex and could cause damage to the receiver tank if the tank is fastened directly to the truck bed. It is the User's responsibility to provide an adequate means of fastening the unit in these applications.

Post Installation Checklist

WARNING!

Failure to perform the post installation checklist may result in mechanical failure, property damage, serious injury or even death.

Steps 1 through 9 should be performed prior to connecting the unit to a power source. If any condition on the checklist is not satisfied, make the necessary adjustments or corrections before starting the compressor.

- Remove all installation tools from the compressor and check for installation debris. Abrasive dust can seriously damage the air intake and belt assemblies.
- 2. All FS Curtis compressors are shipped from the factory filled with the required amount of Curtis Lube Plus Compressor Lubricant specially formulated for Curtis Compressors. The oil level should register in the center of the oil sight glass or between the high and low marks on the dipstick. For additional lubricant contact your authorized Curtis distributor. Failure to use authorized lubricant will void the manufacturer's warranty. IONS.COM (888)
- 3. Check inlet-piping installation.
- 4. Check all pressure connections for tightness
- 5. Make sure all pressure relief valves in the air distribution are correctly installed.
- 6. Make sure all guards are in place and securely mounted.
- 7. Open all manual shutoff valves at and beyond the compressor and tank discharges.
- 8. Check and tighten all connections (mechanical and electrical) as they may have loosened during shipment.
- 9. After all the above conditions have been satisfied, the unit can be connected to the proper power source.

Electrical Requirements

The electrical installation of this unit should only be performed by a qualified electrician with knowledge of the National Electrical Code (N.E.C.), O.S.H.A. code and/or any local or state codes having precedence.

All FS Curtis compressors come with a factory installed, pre-wired starter, if you wish to provide your own starter, please contact your local distributor for more information. Check the electrical supply for voltage, phase, and frequency to see that they match the nameplate stampings on the motor, magnetic starter, solenoids, and other controls.

Before attempting to service electrical systems, ensure that maintenance personal are properly qualified, and service procedures comply with NFPA 70-1984, National Electrical Code, National Electrical Safety Code, as well as any applicable state and local regulations. Failure to abide by the national, state and local codes may result in physical harm and/or property damage and will void the manufacturer's warranty.

DANGER!

High voltage may cause personal injury or death, per O.S.H.A. regulations 1910.137, disconnect and lockout/tagout all electrical power supplies before opening the electrical enclosure or servicing.

WARNING!

Never assume a compressor is safe to work on just because it is not currently operating. Follow all safety precautions outlined in the Safety It could restart at any time. Precautions section.

NEMA electrical enclosures and components must be appropriate to the area installed. Safety and efficiency are the primary concerns when selecting components for compressed air systems. Products of inferior quality can not only hinder performance of the unit, but could cause system failures that result in bodily harm or even death. Select only top quality components for your system. Call your local FS Curtis Distributor for quality parts and professional advice.

CAUTION!

Turn off and lockout/tagout the main power disconnect switch before attempting to install the unit.

NOTE: At installation, the customer is to provide disconnect, branch circuit over-current protection, and grounding between the power supply and the electrical control enclosure in accordance with the National Electric Code and/or any local codes.

Wiring Diagrams:

Simplex Single Phase and 3 Phase

TURN OFF / TAGOUT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

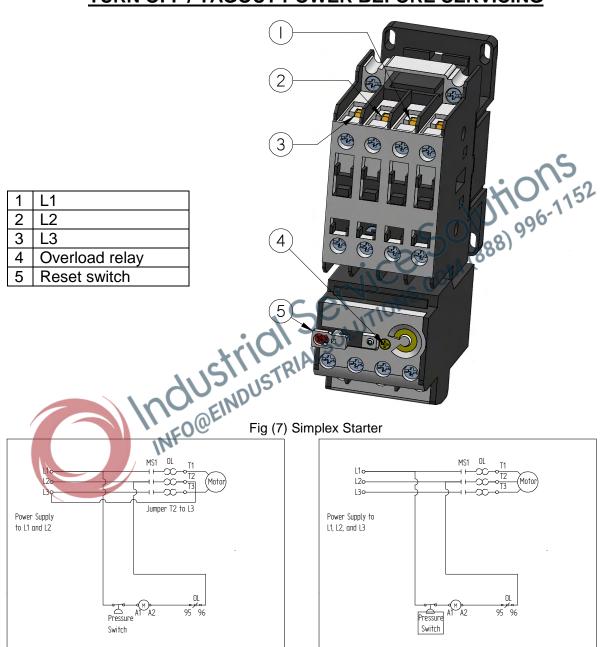


Fig (8) Single Phase wiring diagram

Fig (9) Three phase wiring diagram

NOTE: The above wiring diagrams are valid for standard models only. Contact your local distributor for wiring diagrams for factory installed options

Wiring Diagrams:

Duplex Dual Source Alternator

TURN OFF / TAGOUT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

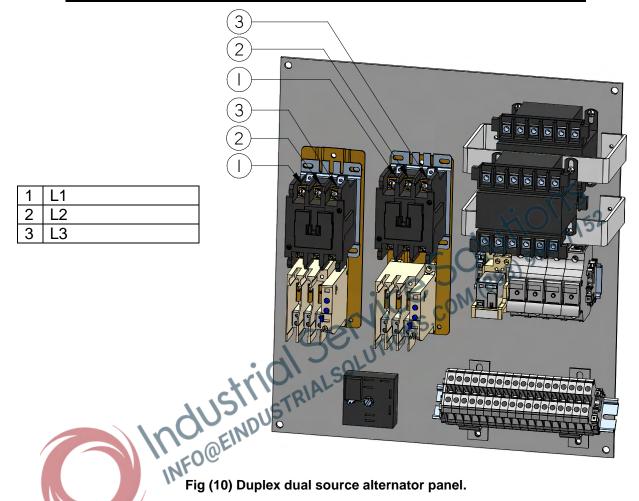


Fig (10) Duplex dual source alternator panel.

NOTE: Unit wiring diagram is located on the inside front cover of the alternator panel. If, over time, the diagram becomes illegible, please contact your local distributor.

Start Up

Pre Start Checklist

WARNING!

Do not proceed until the PRE-STARTING CHECKLIST and sub-section has been read and is thoroughly understood.

- 1. Check oil level in crankcase for proper level.
- 2. Drain liquid from the air receiver and moisture trap (if so equipped).
- 3. Check system pressure. Do not operate the compressor in excess of the A.S.M.E. pressure vessel rating for the receiver or the service rating of the compressor, whichever is lower.
- 4. Check cooling fan rotation. Fan blades of the compressor flywheel force ambient air across COM (888) 99 fins of the intercooler and cylinder heads.
- 5. Check all pressure relief valves for proper operation.
- 6. Check control system for proper operation and to ensure all connections (mechanical and electrical) are properly tightened.
- 7. Jog the starter switch to check the rotational direction of the compressor. The flywheel should rotate in the counterclockwise direction (as viewed when facing the flywheel).

NITIAL STARTING & OPERATION

This instruction manual, as well as any instructions supplied by manufacturers of supporting equipment, should be read and understood prior to starting the compressor. If there are any questions regarding any part of the instructions, please call your local FS Curtis distributor.

With the pre-starting checklist completed and satisfied, close the disconnect switch and start the compressor (for electric units) or engage the starter (for gas units). Watch and listen for excessive vibration and strange noises. If either exists, stop the compressor, look for and correct the problem before re-starting.

Observe compressor operation closely for the first eight hours of operation. If any abnormal conditions are witnessed, stop the compressor and correct the problem. After two days of operation check belt tension, oil level, and inspect the system for leaks. Additionally, all electrical connections and mechanical fasteners should be checked for tightness and torqued as needed.

For the first weeks, the compressor needs time to "break in." The belt requires time to stretch and fit into the surface of the pulleys. The piston rings need time to seat themselves into the cylinder walls, and bearings need to wear into place. For the first 100 hours or so, the compressor will consume higher than normal amounts of oil until the break in process is complete.

FIRST MONTH MAINTENANCE

- Check oil level at the beginning of every week, fill as needed, see oil subsection.
- Check belt tension at the beginning of each week and tighten as required, see belt tension subsection.
- Check bolts, pulley clamp screws, and jam nuts for tightness. Torque if necessary (see bolt torques subsection)

START-UP

If the compressor is equipped with an automatic start-stop control (with pressure switch unloading), it is automatically unloaded upon starting, and will automatically load after attaining running speed. Simply throw the power switch to start the unit.

All gas units are equipped with pilot valve controls and should be manually unloaded prior to start up. To manually unload the compressor in order to achieve an unloaded start, release the pilot valve lever BEFORE starting the compressor.

Pilot

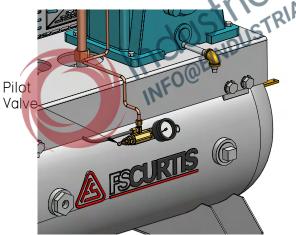


Fig (11) Challenge Air pilot valve location

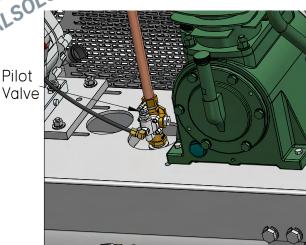


Fig (12) CT pilot valve location

Maintenance

Shut Down Procedure

The following procedures should be followed when stopping the compressor for maintenance or service.

WARNING!

Never assume a compressor is safe to work on just because it is not operating. It could start at any time.

- 1. Per O.S.H.A. regulation 1910.147; The Control of Hazardous Energy Source (Lockout/Tagout); disconnect and lockout the main power source. Display a sign in clear view at the main power switch that the compressor is being serviced.
- 2. Isolate the compressor from the compressed air supply by closing the manual shutoff valve upstream and downstream from the compressor. Display a sign in clear view at the shutoff valve stating that the compressor is being serviced.
- 3. Lock open a pressure relief valve within the pressurized system to allow the system to be completely de-pressurized. **NEVER** remove a plug to relieve the pressure.
- 4. Open all manual drain valves within the area to be serviced.
- 5. Wait for the unit to cool before starting to service. (Temperatures of 125°F can burn skin.



Maintenance Schedule

To assure maximum performance and service life of your compressor, a routine maintenance schedule should be developed. A sample schedule has been included to help you develop a maintenance schedule designed for your particular application. Time frames may need to be shortened in harsher environments or during periods of extremely heavy use.

Make copies of this checklist and retain copy of the checklist, enter dates and maintenance person's initials in the appropriate spaces. Makes copies of this checklist and retain copies of the completed checklists for potential warranty purposes. Enter the dates and maintenance person's initials in the appropriate spaces. Keep the checklist and this Operations Manual readily available near the compressor.

DAILY MAINTENANCE

- Check oil level. Check oil for discoloration and filth. Drain oil and replace if required.

- Open drain cock located at the bottom of the tank to relieve condensation.
 Check for oil leaks.
 WEEKLY MAINTENANCE
 Manually operate the pressure relief valves to be certain they are working.
 Clean the cooling surfaces of the intercooler and compressor.
- Check the compressor for air leaks.
- Check the compressed air distribution system for leaks.

MONTHLY MAINTENANCE

- ONTHLY MAINTENANCE

 Check bolt torques, pulley clamp screws, and jam nuts for tightness. Torque if necessary.
- Inspect entire air distribution system for leaks.
- Check all connections (mechanical and electrical) and tighten as necessary.

EVERY THREE MONTHS

- Change oil (more frequently in harsher environments or under heavy use).
- Inspect valves for rust, wear, and carbon build up, if necessary replace with kit
- Check air filter for cleanliness and replace as necessary.
- Check belt tension.

EVERY SIX MONTHS

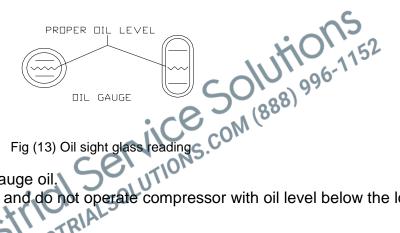
Replace air filter.

Oil **OIL RECOMMENDATION**

Use Genuine CURTIS-LUBEPLUS Lubricants. Specially formulated for Curtis Reciprocating Air Compressors. Non-Detergent type with anti-foam, anti-rust and oxidation inhibitors.

In areas with very hot ambient air temperatures, FS Curtis recommends using ISO100 RC-1000A CURTIS-LUBEPLUS.

- 1. For proper lubrication the compressor shall not be operated below the minimum or above the maximum R.P.M. recommended for the various models.
- 2. Maintain oil level mid-way between the upper and lower lines of the crankcase sight gage.



- 3. Stop compressor to add and gauge oil.
- 4. Do not fill above the upper line and do not operate compressor with oil level below the lower line.

MODEL NUMBER	HORSEPOWER (hp)	MIN RPM	MAXIMUM RPM	OIL CAPACITY		
E50	5	500	1050	1½ QUARTS		
E57	5 – 7½	500	1250	2 QUARTS		
E71	10	500	1050	2½ QUARTS		
E15	15	500	1050	5 QUARTS		
CT55	5	500		1 ½ QUARTS		
CT75	7.5-10 electric 13-14 gas	500		3 QUARTS		
	Table (4)					

Bolt Torques

Challenge Air and CT Compressors

	E!	50 E5		57 E71		E15		
	Size	Torque (CM-FT)	Size	Torque (CM-FT)	Size	Torque (CM-FT)	Size	Torque (CM-FT)
Head Bolts	M10-1.5	300-21.7	M10-1.5	320-23.1	M10-1.5	320-23.1	M10-1.5	320-23.1
Cylinder Case	M10-1.5	280-20.35	M10-1.5	280-20.25	M10-1.5	280-20.25	M10-1.75	350-25.3
Rod Bolts	M8-1.5	280-20.25	M8-1.25	280-20.25	M8-1.5	300-21.7	M10-1.5	300-23.1
Front Cover	M8-1.5	280-20.25	M10-1.5	300-21.7	M8-1.5	300-21.7	M10-1.5	320-23.1
Rear Cover	M10-1.5	280-20.25	M8-1.25	300-21.7	M10-1.5	280-20.25	M10-1.5	280-20.25
Inlet and Outlet Push Covers	M8-1.25	225-16.3			M8-1.25	225-16.3	M10-1.5 M8-1.25	320-23.1 225-16.3

Table (5) Challenge air bolt torque specifications

MODEL	FLYWHEEL BOLTS MFAN BOLTS					
NO.	TORQUE FTLBS.	TORQUE NS.	TORQUE FTLBS.	TORQUE INLBS.		
E57	23	CO\276	-	-		
E50	40	480	-	-		
E71	45 15	540	24	288		
E15	O ESOID	600	24	288		

Table (6) Challenge air bolt torque specifications

TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

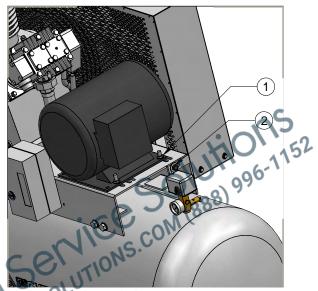
DESCRIPTION	CT-55 (ft/lbs.)	CT-75 (ft/lbs.)
CONNECTING-ROD BOLTS TORQUE	16.28	22.2
CYLINDER HEAD SCREWS TORQUE	37	45
CYLINDER TO CRANKCASE SCREWS TORQUE	37	45
FLYWHEEL BOLT TORQUE	37	37

Table (7) CT compressor bolt torque specifications

BELT TENSION

CAUTION: Over tightening the v-belt(s) will result in overloading of the motor, and/or belt and pulley failure. A loose belt will result in an unstable speed, premature belt wear, "throwing" belts and a high amp draw. To change tension, turn the adjusting bolt at the end of the base, shown in figure 13. Retighten motor hold-down bolts. Grease both the motor and compressor pulleys once a year with lithium ball bearing grease.

Proper belt tensioning requires the use of a belt tension gauge to measure belt tension. This tool is available at your local auto parts or hardware store.



Motor Mounts Take Up Bolt

- Fig 14 Motor mounts and take up bolt.

 BELT TENSIONING INSTRUCTIONS

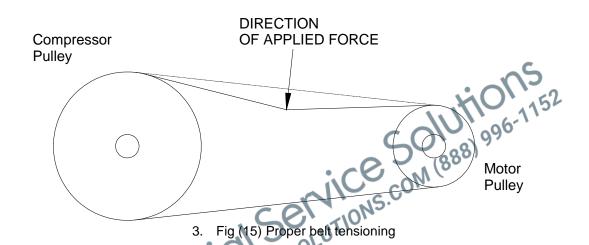
 1. Loosen the motor mounting the image is a second continuous and take up bolt. 1. Loosen the motor mounting bolts, but do NOT remove the nuts. See fig (12) for the mounting bolt locations. Do NOT attempt to adjust the take-up bolt before loosening all of the motor mounting bolts, attempting to do so will damage the unit.
- 2. Consult Table (7) for the appropriate deflection and tension values for Challenge Air units. Table (8) contains deflection and tension values for CT units.

Model	HP	Gage Deflection	Average Tension	Minimum	Maximum
CA E57	5	1/4"	10lb	9lb	12lb
CA E50	5	1/4"	10lb	9lb	12lb
CA E57	7.5	1/4"	8lb	7lb	10lb
CA E71	10	3/8"	12lb	11lb	14lb
CA E15	15	3/8"	11lb	10lb	13lb
CA Gas E57	13-14	3/8"	20lb	18lb	23lb

Table (7) Challenge Air Belt Tensioning Guide

Model	НР	Gage Deflection	Average Tension	Minimum	Maximum
555VT6	5	1/4"	13lb	11lb	14lb
555VT8	5	1/4"	10lb	9lb	12lb
775VT8	7.5	1/4"	10lb	9lb	12lb
1075HT12	10	1/4"	8lb	7lb	10lb
CT Gas	13-14	3/8"	20lb	18lb	23lb

Table (8) CT Belt Tensioning Guide



- 4. At the center of the span, perpendicular to the belt, apply pressure to the outer surface of the belt tension gauge as shown in figure (13). Apply force to the belt until the rubber ring on the deflection gauge is located at the original position of the belt. Record the reading on the belt tension gauge and compare to the chart. Reset the rubber ring on the belt tension gauge before taking another reading.
- 5. Adjust the take-up bolt to tighten or loosen the belt tension as required.
- 6. Finger-tighten ONE motor mounting bolt. Using a straight-edge, check that pulleys are aligned and adjust motor as necessary.
- 7. Finger tighten the remaining motor mounting bolts.
- 8. Using a wrench or air tool, incrementally tighten the mounting bolts in a basic crossing pattern.
- 9. Re-mount the belt guard. DO NOT attempt to operate the unit without the belt guard securely in place.
- 10. Recheck the tension of the new belts several times in the first month of operation and adjust if necessary. Thereafter, check belt tension every three months.

Maintenance Parts and Rebuild Kits

To order replacement parts for routine maintenance, please contact your local distributor.

CHALLENGE AIR REBUILD KITS

	E57 Kit Number	E50 Kit Number	E71 Kit Number	E15 Kit Number
Oil (1 gallon bulk)	VO411-4	VO411-4	VO411-4	VO411-4
Air Filter	2601540300	2601540410	2601694350	2601540410
Gasket Kit (all gaskets)	2601694360	2601694340	2501694350	2601694330
Breather Kit (oil breather)	2601694830	2601694840	2601694810	2601694880
Valve/Gasket Kit (wearable parts)	2601693870	2601693880	2601693890	2601693910
Ring Kit (all rings)	2601694650	2601694690	2601694720	2601694750
Lower End Kit (contains Gasket Kit, Valve Kit, and Ring Kit)	2601694580	2601694600	2601694530 0M	38) 2601694550

Table (9) Routine Maintenance Parts and Rebuild Kits for Challenge Air compressors

REBUILD KITS CT55 **CT75** Kit Number Kit Number VO411-4 VO411-4 Air Filter VA1163 VA1165 **Gasket Kit** CCC1793 CCC1794 Valve Plate Kit CCC1795 CCC1796 **LP Ring Kit** CCC1797 CCC1799 **HP Ring Kit** CCC1798 CCC1800

Table (10) Routine Maintenance Parts and Rebuild Kits for CT Compressors

Troubleshooting

	rroubleshooting							
	Problem	Cause	Remedy					
		Power not on	Check breaker and / or disconnect					
1		Fuse blown	Replace the fuse or disconnect					
		Low voltage supplied	Contact distributor					
	Unit won't start	Worn pressure switch contacts	Replace					
		Starter overload tripped	Reset starter overload					
		Broken / loose electrical	Check electrical connections					
		connections						
2	Flywheel / motor rotating clockwise	Incorrect lead connection	Reverse the leads					
		Excessively dirty oil	Change the oil					
		Heavy lubrication oil	Use correct oil					
3	Flywheel /motor rotating slowly	Oil thick due to low temperature	Increase ambient temperature above					
			40°F					
		Belt slipping	Increase ambient temperature above 40°F See 6					
		Incorrect voltage	Contact distributor					
		Vibration pads not installed	Install vibration pads					
4	Excessive	Unit not leveled	Level unit with metal shims					
4	Vibrations	 Unit not leveled Unit not securely fastened 	Check for loose bolts on foundation,					
		1.1511 STRIAL	compressor, and motor					
		Ambient air temperature too high	Ensure adequate ventilation					
		Degraded oil	Change oil					
_	Compressor	Incorrect oil	Use correct oil					
5	overheats	Clogged Air Intake	Replace filter and clean intake					
		Interior or exterior fouling of the	Clean intercooler					
		intercooler						
_		Working pressure too high	Lower working pressure					
		Low belt tension	Adjust belt tension					
6	Belt slipping	Worn belt	Replace					
		Incorrect belt	Install correct belt					
		Worn or misaligned pulley	Replace or align pulley					

	Problem	Cause	Remedy
		Manual drain not fully closed	Close the drain cock
		(standard model)	
		Automatic drain not fully closed (if	Clean or replace automatic drain
		applicable)	
		Clogged air filter / intake	Replace the filter
		Leaks in air distribution system	Check fittings, bushings and
7	Low discharge		connections for leaks
•	pressure	Clogged air distribution system	Clean air distribution system
		Worn out pressure switch	Replace pressure switch
		Belt slipping	• See 6
		Worn piston rings	Replace with ring kit
		Worn head gasket	Replace with gasket kit
		Worn valves	Replace with valve kit
		Belt too tight or too loose	Adjust belt tension
		Incorrect belt	Use correct belt
8	Excessive belt	Exposure to abrasive dust	Eliminate dust or relocate unit
	wear	Working pressure too high	Lower working pressure
		Worn or misaligned pulley	Replace or realign pulley
		Water in the crankcase Incorrect oil	Compressor not running long enough to
		1.1511 CTRIAL	prevent condensation
9	Lubricant appears	• Illicontest oil	Use correct oil
9	milky	 Water contaminated oil 	Replace oil
		Water leaking back through	Re-pipe with drip legs and pitch piping
		discharge valve	away from the compressor
		Oil level too high	Bleed excess oil
1Λ	Excessive oil in	Incorrect oil	Use correct oil
10	compressed air	Piston ring not fully seated	Allow 100 hours to break in rings
		Worn piston ring	Replace with ring kit
11		Working pressure too high	Lower working pressure
11	Motor overloads	Incorrect voltage	Contact distributor
	I .	I .	!

If your problem is not resolved after performing troubleshooting, or not listed above, please contact your local distributor for more assistance.

Maintenance Checklist

NOTE: Please keep a record of changes and have this list available when calling technical service.

OIL CHANGED

Initials	Date Changed	Oil Low? (y/n)	Initials	Date Changed	Oil Low? (y/n)
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				N 996	
				0,088)	
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		:4	corn,		
		C+(10.14)	٦٠		
	11	151 ISTRI			

BELT TENSIONING

	1100	EINDUBELT TEN	NSIONING		
Initials	Date Checked	Measurement	Initials	Date Checked	Measurement
	//				

Maintenance Checklist

NOTE: Please keep a record of changes and have this list available when calling technical service.

	Valve In	spected		
Initials	Date Checked	Initials	Date Checked	
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			00000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	41
			111110	11
			2010000	
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	: 1	corn.		
	44/0	500		
	1511 STRIN			
	Ma 'una			

Air Leak Checks

Initials	Date Checked	Comments	Initials	Date Checked	Comments

Maintenance Checklist

NOTE: Please keep a record of changes and have this list available when calling technical service.

	Air l	Filter	
Initials	Date Replaced	Initials	Date Replaced
_			
			130
			11110
			00,000
			000000
		:00	on (s
		100	OW (888) 996
	C	SI 10N2	
	3/2	21/11/10	
	LVIOI N	SOLUTI	
	STICTRIA		
- A	7)2,		
INO	EIND		
"IEO	Intercooler / After	ercooler Cleaning	7
Initials	Date Checked	Initials	Date Checked



FS Curtis

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Website: www.fscurtis.com